

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/595,631	05/01/2006	Christophe Colignon	LAV0313161	3821
²⁹⁹⁸⁰ NICOLAS E. S	7590 08/28/200 SECKEL	EXAMINER		
Patent Attorney 1250 Connecticut Avenue, NW Suite 700 WASHINGTON, DC 20036			GIMIE, MAHMOUD	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTO	11, DC 20030		3747	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/595,631	COLIGNON, CHRISTOPHE			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Mahmoud Gimie	3747			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	he correspondence address			
Period for Reply	/ 10 OFT TO EVOIDE • MONT	TI (O) OD TI IIDTY (OO) DAYO			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply by rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABAND	YON. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 M	ay 2006.				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11	, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.		•			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	Г.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 May 2006</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Off	fice Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Inform	al Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/1/06</u> . 6)					

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a) because figure 2 fails to show the details of the steps inside each of the symbols of the flowchart as described in the specification. Any structural detail that is essential for a proper understanding of the disclosed invention should be shown in the drawing. MPEP § 608.02(d). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement-drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the examiner does not accept the changes, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

Page 3

Abstract

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

4. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The specification does not support the combination of interrupting and progressively reducing the post-injection, it only supports one or the other.

Application/Control Number: 10/595,631

Art Unit: 3747

_

Page 4

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claims 1 and 2 recite "the or each" which renders the claim vague and indefinite for failing to particularly and clearly point out the subject matter which applicant considers as the invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tonetti et al. (6,666,020).

Tonetti et al. disclose a system for providing assistance in regenerating depollution means (37) associated with oxidation catalyst-forming means (36) integrated in an exhaust line (7) of a motor vehicle diesel engine, and in which the engine is associated with common rail means (21) for feeding fuel to the cylinders of the engine and adapted, at constant torque, to implement a strategy of regeneration by injecting fuel into the cylinders in at least one post-injection (POST), the system comprising: - means for

Application/Control Number: 10/595,631

Art Unit: 3747

sommer manuser: 10,000,00

detecting a request for regeneration (inherent), and thus for post-injection; - means for detecting a state in which the vehicle accelerator pedal is being raised or a stage in which the vehicle engine is idling (col. 10 and II. 30-67); - acquisition means for acquiring the temperature (43) downstream from the catalyst-forming means; - means for responding to said temperature to determine a maximum quantity of fuel (col. 10 and II. 41-43) to be injected during post-injections (POST) during stages in which the engine is returning to idling as a result of the accelerator pedal being raised and stages during which the engine is idling.

Tonetti et al. do not disclose means for immediately interrupting the or each postinjection if the quantity of fuel injected reaches the predetermined maximum quantity
during a stage of returning to idling, **and/or** for progressively reducing **the or** each postinjection when the quantity of fuel injected reaches the predetermined maximum
quantity during a stage of the engine idling.

However, Tonetti et al. teach that the amount of fuel injected in the POST injection is regulated proportionally as a function of the exhaust temperature (col. 10 and II. 41-43). It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply known technique of interrupting and/or gradually reducing the POST fuel injection as implied by the teachings of Tonetti et al. (see KSR International v. Teleflex Inc.)

Regarding claim 2, wherein the reduction means are adapted to reduce **the or** each post-injection in application of a calibratable slope (gradual).

Regarding claim 3, wherein the depollution means comprises a particle filter (37).

Regarding claim 4, the depollution means comprise a NOx trap (optional design choice).

Regarding claim 5, wherein the fuel includes an additive for being deposited together with the particles with which it is mixed on the depollution means in order to facilitate

regeneration thereof (fuel with additive is well known practice in the art).

Regarding claim 6, wherein the fuel includes an additive that forms a N0x trap.

Regarding claim 7, wherein the engine is associated with a turbocharger (4).

Double Patenting

3. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain <u>a</u> patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

4. Claims 1-7 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-7 of copending Application No. 10/595,623. This is a <u>provisional</u> double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

11001. 10/000,00

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited references teach about catalyst-particulate filter regeneration.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mahmoud Gimie whose telephone number is 571-272-4841. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday between 7 a.m. -3:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen K. Cronin can be reached on 571-272-4536. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MG

MAHMOUD GIMIE PRIMARY EXAMINER